

Wheeler County

Demographics

The Census Bureau’s intercensal estimates indicate that Wheeler County’s population decreased by 7.34 percent, from 886 in 2000 to 821 by 2003. This compares to a statewide population growth of 1.64 percent.⁴⁰⁵ The number of whites decreased by 7.35 percent. The number of people from 20 to 24 years of age changed from 35 in 2000 to 44 in 2003, an increase of 25.71 percent, and the number of people from 25 to 34 years of age decreased by 1.47 percent. The Hispanic population remained at 5 people between 2000 and 2003. Total housing units increased by 7 units over the same period. These data are presented in Table 92.1.

TABLE 92.1
PROFILE OF POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS
NEBRASKA VS WHEELER COUNTY, CENSUS 2000 AND 2003 CENSUS ESTIMATE

Subject	NEBRASKA			WHEELER COUNTY			
	Census 2000	July 2003	% Change	Census 2000	July 2003	% Change	
POPULATION	1,711,263	1,739,291	1.64	886	821	-7.34	
AGE	-----						
Under 20 years	504,336	495,069	-1.84	280	249	-11.07	
20 to 24 years	120,331	134,162	11.49	35	44	25.71	
25 to 34 years	223,273	225,838	1.15	68	67	-1.47	
35 to 54 years	489,588	492,256	0.54	259	233	-10.04	
55 to 64 years	141,540	159,579	12.74	95	96	1.05	
65 & over	232,195	232,387	0.08	149	132	-11.41	
RACE	-----						
White	1,585,617	1,602,435	1.06	884	819	-7.35	
Black	70,043	73,059	4.31	.	.	.	
American Indian and Alaskan Native	15,634	16,284	4.16	2	2	.	
Asian	22,528	27,910	23.89	.	.	.	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	993	1,139	14.70	.	.	.	
Two or more races	16,448	18,464	12.26	.	.	.	
HISPANIC (of any race)	-----						
Hispanic or Latino	94,425	106,914	13.23	5	5	.	
HOUSING UNITS	722,668	746,397	3.28	561	568	1.25	

As per the Nebraska Department of Motor Vehicles driver’s license exchange data, net migration in Wheeler County decreased from 4 persons in 2002 to -1 persons in calendar 2003. Table 92.2 has additional details of driver’s licenses exchanged between 2001 and 2003.

TABLE 92.2
DRIVER’S LICENSES EXCHANGED AND SURRENDERED BY AGE
WHEELER COUNTY

COHORT	CALENDAR 2001			CALENDAR 2002			CALENDAR 2003		
	In-Migrants	Out-Migrants	Net Migrants	In-Migrants	Out-Migrants	Net Migrants	In-Migrants	Out-Migrants	Net Migrants
14 to 17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
18 to 22	.	1	-1	.	3	-3	1	2	-1
23 to 25	.	2	-2	.	.	.	.	2	-2
26 to 35	.	.	.	1	2	-1	1	1	.
36 to 45	3	2	1	4	.	4	2	1	1
46 to 55	1	.	1	1	.	1	2	1	1
56 to 65	3	.	3	3	.	3	.	.	.
66 or older	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Missing	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	7	5	2	9	5	4	6	7	-1

⁴⁰⁵ On December 22, 2004, the Census Bureau released a revised statewide population estimate for 2003, indicating the population reduced to 1,737,475. This value, however, does not yet have age, race, or county details available.

According to the Nebraska Department of Education, the number of school age children in Wheeler County decreased by 5.43 percent, from 184 in 2003 to 174 in 2004, as seen in Table 92.3.⁴⁰⁶

TABLE 92.3
SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN
WHEELER COUNTY BY ACADEMIC YEARS: 1992 - 2004

YEAR	AGES			Total
	5-10	11-14	15-18	
1992	91	66	68	225
1993	101	70	72	243
1994	86	73	72	231
1995	71	64	78	213
1996	80	71	68	219
1997	79	60	66	205
1998	77	59	71	207
1999	84	62	63	209
2000	84	47	69	200
2001	84	52	70	206
2002	83	59	70	212
2003	76	59	49	184
2004	64	53	57	174

Economics

Labor force and employment statistics were derived from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). The labor force in Wheeler County, defined as the number of people working or actively seeking work, increased from 401 in 2002 to 408 in 2003. The unemployment rate for the County, at 2.9 percent, compares to the state unemployment rate of 4.0 percent for 2003. This is an increase of 0.7 percentage points since 2002. Table 92.4 provides annual labor force details for the years 1990-2003.

TABLE 92.4
ANNUAL LABOR FORCE
WHEELER COUNTY, 1990 - 2003

Year	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate
1990	446	441	5	1.1
1991	444	436	8	1.8
1992	444	434	10	2.3
1993	435	424	11	2.5
1994	424	410	14	3.3
1995	443	428	15	3.4
1996	368	354	14	3.8
1997	338	332	6	1.8
1998	344	337	7	2.0
1999	414	400	14	3.4
2000	395	385	10	2.5
2001	393	381	11	2.8
2002	401	393	9	2.2
2003	408	396	12	2.9

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) also measures employment. Here it is defined as the total number of full and part-time jobs. In 2002, the latest year available for the data, Wheeler

⁴⁰⁶ The Department of Education provided the 1992 through 2002 data on October 4, 2002. The 2003 and 2004 counts of school age children do not appear to have the same methodology that was used to count school age children between 1992 and 2002.

County recorded 658 jobs, a decrease of 8 jobs since 2001. Total real personal income in 2002, comprising all wage and salary earnings, proprietorship income, dividends, interest, rents and transfer payments, was \$22,654,000 and real per capita income was \$27,034. This compares with a statewide average real per capita income of \$29,398. Further, average earnings per job in the County was \$26,219 in 2002, while Nebraska average earnings per job was \$33,301. The national average earnings per job was \$41,768. Table 92.5 provides further annual data for the years 1969 through 2002.

TABLE 92.5
WHEELER COUNTY TOTAL BEA EMPLOYMENT, AND REAL PERSONAL INCOME
BEA DATA 1969 THROUGH 2002: 1,000s OF 2003 REAL DOLLARS

Year	Earnings	Social Security Contributions	Residence Adjustment	Dividends, Interest, Rents	Transfer Payments	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Total BEA Employment	Average Real Earnings Per Job
1969	7,244	235	.	1,950	815	9,708	9,100	460	15,747
1970	6,945	243	.	2,063	974	9,663	9,116	468	14,839
1971	9,621	249	.	2,090	968	12,378	11,450	469	20,513
1972	9,807	271	.	2,470	1,131	13,089	12,021	490	20,014
1973	14,824	310	.	3,182	1,365	19,030	18,055	501	29,588
1974	10,037	330	.	3,129	1,380	14,173	13,434	513	19,565
1975	6,560	377	.	3,344	1,846	11,271	10,694	538	12,194
1976	8,462	393	.	3,267	1,856	13,090	12,845	542	15,613
1977	4,465	407	-233	3,431	1,944	9,201	9,255	559	7,988
1978	8,747	415	-276	3,350	1,733	13,139	12,634	564	15,509
1979	7,043	541	-595	3,667	1,711	11,285	10,872	612	11,507
1980	7,981	634	-596	4,086	1,753	12,590	11,800	706	11,304
1981	13,207	712	-493	4,414	1,883	18,299	16,696	719	18,368
1982	23,494	804	-789	4,750	1,872	28,523	26,025	779	30,159
1983	28,012	699	-655	4,717	1,999	33,374	30,040	787	35,593
1984	45,108	735	-588	5,626	2,023	51,435	49,266	758	59,509
1985	32,875	734	-563	5,370	1,971	38,918	38,456	748	43,950
1986	22,857	719	-451	4,961	2,004	28,653	28,971	681	33,564
1987	24,016	739	-366	5,009	1,991	29,911	32,583	705	34,065
1988	22,062	766	-342	4,665	2,129	27,748	29,363	659	33,479
1989	18,869	797	-225	4,824	2,056	24,726	26,083	624	30,239
1990	21,876	791	-205	4,828	2,237	27,945	29,509	611	35,804
1991	21,114	767	-213	4,995	2,100	27,229	29,247	581	36,342
1992	19,629	810	-275	4,983	2,190	25,718	27,802	581	33,785
1993	23,955	868	-497	4,790	2,463	29,844	32,160	614	39,015
1994	22,864	929	-786	4,982	2,323	28,454	29,826	603	37,917
1995	23,527	821	-861	5,463	2,437	29,747	31,849	608	38,697
1996	22,445	783	-1,024	5,641	2,706	28,985	31,034	640	35,070
1997	21,455	834	-1,376	5,888	2,812	27,944	30,275	661	32,459
1998	17,281	917	-1,729	5,710	3,080	23,424	25,912	660	26,183
1999	15,355	920	-1,691	5,381	2,995	21,120	23,519	673	22,815
2000	16,680	908	-1,931	5,281	3,126	22,247	25,137	635	26,267
2001	16,849	958	-2,339	5,258	3,328	22,138	25,801	666	25,299
2002	17,252	944	-2,094	5,165	3,275	22,654	27,034	658	26,219

The total number of business establishments⁴⁰⁷ in Wheeler County increased by 4 between 1980 and 2002, at an annual rate of change of 1.15 percent. This compares to an average annual rate of change of 1.31 percent statewide. Wheeler County added 1 establishment between 2001 and 2002. Table 92.6, on the following page, provides the number of business establishments in the County for the years 1980 through 2002.⁴⁰⁸

⁴⁰⁷ Source: The Nebraska Dept. of Economic Development, The Nebraska Databook <<http://info.neded.org/databook.php?cont=sf&ttle=Manufacturing,%20Mining,%20And%20Business>>.

⁴⁰⁸ Totals may not add due to rounding off of County totals.

Housing

The U.S. Census Bureau reports building permits issued by permit issuing agencies, as well as valuation of building permits by county annually. Single-family unit construction usually represents most residential development in the county. There were very few building permits reported in Wheeler County over the 1980-2003 period as seen in Table 92.7.

TABLE 92.6
TOTAL BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS
NEBRASKA VS WHEELER COUNTY, 1980-2002

Year	NEBRASKA	WHEELER COUNTY
1980	37,727	14
1981	37,582	12
1982	37,500	14
1983	41,889	17
1984	43,151	16
1985	43,115	16
1986	42,538	15
1987	42,691	14
1988	43,134	15
1989	43,302	16
1990	43,749	15
1991	44,405	11
1992	45,269	12
1993	46,059	14
1994	46,640	20
1995	47,128	15
1996	47,607	17
1997	48,588	15
1998	48,655	16
1999	48,968	19
2000	49,623	19
2001	49,710	17
2002	50,259	18

TABLE 92.7
BUILDING PERMITS AND VALUATION⁴⁰⁹
WHEELER COUNTY 1980 - 2003

Year	Authorized Construction in Permit Issuing Areas					Per Unit Valuation, 1000s of Real 2003 Dollars			
	Single-Family Units	Duplex Units	Tri and Four Plex Units	Multi-Family Units	Total Units	Single-Family Units (\$)	Duplex Units (\$)	Tri and Four Plex Units (\$)	Multi-Family Units (\$)
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
1985
1986
1987
1988
1989
1990
1991
1992	1	.	.	.	1	30.68	.	.	.
1993
1994
1995	3	.	.	.	3	23.02	.	.	.
1996	1	.	.	.	1	67.76	.	.	.
1997
1998
1999
2000
2001
2002
2003

⁴⁰⁹Data Source: U.S. Bureau of Census. Note: Permits do not necessarily translate into a precise and full count of housing production. Some dwellings permitted are never constructed. As well, some dwellings may be built in areas that lack a building permitting process, have a lax permitting process, or have insufficient oversight of construction activity.

The Department of Property Assessment and Taxation (PA&T) provided a database of residential property transactions over the last six years. During fiscal years 1998 through 2003, there were a total of 56 property transactions in Wheeler County. Of these, there were 36 single-family transactions during the period, as seen in Table 92.8.

TABLE 92.8
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS
WHEELER COUNTY BY FISCAL YEAR

Housing Type	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Total
Mobile Home	.	1	5	3	5	6	20
Single-family	.	6	10	6	7	7	36
Townhome
Duplex
Missing
Total	.	7	15	9	12	13	56

The PA&T data also has descriptions of the building. Quality refers to the grade of materials and workmanship used in the original construction of the dwelling. Of the 21 single family home property transactions concerning units built before 1930, 9.52 percent were of low quality and 57.14 percent were of fair quality. Table 92.9 provides details of the quality of these single-family residential dwellings by vintage of construction.

TABLE 92.9
QUALITY OF MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP
WHEELER COUNTY SINGLE FAMILY HOMES BY VINTAGE

QUALITY	Before 1930	1931-1960	1961-1970	1971-1980	1981-1990	1991-2003	Missing	Total
Low	2	7	.	1	1	.	.	11
Fair	12	4	.	.	.	.	1	17
Average	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	8
Good	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Very Good	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Excellent	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Missing	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	21	12	.	1	1	.	1	36

In regard to the condition of residential dwellings, of the same 21 single family homes built before 1930, 19.05 percent of the homes were worn out or badly worn, and 52.38 percent were in average condition. Table 92.10 provides details of the condition of single-family residential dwellings by year built.

TABLE 92.10
CONDITION OF RESIDENTIAL DWELLINGS
WHEELER COUNTY SINGLE FAMILY HOMES BY VINTAGE

CONDITION	Before 1930	1931-1960	1961-1970	1971-1980	1981-1990	1991-2003	Missing	Total
Worn Out	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Badly Worn	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	5
Average	11	8	.	1	.	.	1	21
Good	6	3	.	.	1	.	.	10
Very Good	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Excellent	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Missing	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	21	12	.	1	1	.	1	36

Single-family home prices from the PA&T database indicate a general increase in average home prices and average floor area for newer homes. Single-family home prices in Wheeler County

increased from \$15,762 for homes built before 1930 to \$27,500 for homes built during 1981-1990.⁴¹⁰ Table 92.11 provides additional details, by year of construction, for single-family homes.

**TABLE 92.11
AVERAGE SALES PRICE AND AREA (IN SQ. FT.) OF PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS
WHEELER COUNTY SINGLE FAMILY HOMES BY VINTAGE**

VINTAGE	Average Sales Price (\$)	Average Floor Area Sq. Ft.	Price Per Sq. Ft.* (\$)
Before 1930	15,762	928	16.99
1931-1960	15,659	691	22.65
1961-1970	.	.	.
1971-1980	23,000	2,040	11.27
1981-1990	27,500	784	35.08
1991-2003	.	.	.
Average	16,233	882	18.41

* Price per sq. ft. may not compute precisely due to rounding off of sales price and floor area.

2004 HUD Special Tabulations

As per the HUD special tabulations, the total number of homeowners increased by 5.06 percent between 1990 and 2000. However, homeowners having incomes from 31-50 percent of median family income (MFI) decreased by 16.67 percent, and those with incomes from 51-80 percent of MFI increased by 113.33 percent. While renters decreased by 11.57 percent between 1990 and 2000, renters having incomes from 31-50 percent of MFI decreased by 17.65 percent, and those with 51-80 percent increased by 22.58 percent. Table 92.12 has additional details of the number of households with MFI percentage ranges for the 1990 and 2000 Census data.⁴¹¹

**TABLE 92.12
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 1993 AND 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS**

INCOME RANGE	HOMEOWNERS		RENTERS	
	1990	2000	1990	2000
0-30% MFI	25	45	14	15
31-50% MFI	30	25	17	14
51-80% MFI	30	64	31	38
81-95% MFI	23	.	22	.
96% + MFI	129	115	37	40
Total	237	249	121	107

⁴¹⁰ When a manufactured home is placed on a permanent foundation, the Assessor considers the property a single-family dwelling. Hence these property transactions are seen even though a single-family new construction permit was probably not issued for the manufactured home.

⁴¹¹ The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requested that the Census Bureau create tabulations of variables that are not available through the standard 2000 Census data products. These "special tabulations" are designed, in part, to assist agencies with housing planning and development of their Consolidated Plans for Housing and Community Development. The special tabulations data were first made available during September 2003. Special tabulation rounding rules were applied to the Census SF3 data. The rounding rules applied were as follows: 0 rounds to 0; 1-7 rounds to 4; and all other values round to the nearest multiple of 5. The data were initially available only at Census Tract and Block levels, which were aggregated to obtain City, County and State data. These data were presented in the 2004 Profile. When the data were aggregated to obtain County and State data, there was a substantial deviation from actual totals due to the rounding rules described above. To correct this, HUD released an update to the special tabulations data on April 30, 2004. Some of HUD's documentation indicates that this date was January 2004. The rounding rules for this data set were applied to higher geographic levels, such as County, City, or State. This document presents these updated data from HUD; however, HUD has not fully corrected the error introduced with the adopted rounding algorithm. The totals associated with each concept, in each table, continue to vary because of the rounding rules applied to each tabulation. Because the County and State geographic levels were rounded separately, the totals of the County data will not add up precisely to the State total. These data nonetheless provide adequate approximations of housing problems and housing needs, and will be termed the 2004 HUD Special Tabulations.

The special tabulations also classify the number of households with a housing problem.⁴¹² As per these 2000 special tabulations, homeowner households that have a housing problem and incomes from 31-50 percent of MFI comprised 21.43 percent of all homeowners with a housing problem in Wheeler County. Homeowners with incomes from 51-80 percent of MFI that have a housing problem represent 21.43 percent of all homeowners with a housing problem. Renters with a housing problem and incomes from 31-50 percent of MFI comprised 50.00 percent of all renter households with a housing problem. Renters with incomes from 51-80 percent of MFI and a housing problem represent 50.00 percent of all renters with a housing problem. Table 92.13 provides further details of households with a housing problem by tenure, race and income range.

TABLE 92.13
HOUSEHOLDS WITH A HOUSING PROBLEM BY INCOME, RACE⁴¹³ AND TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS

INCOME RANGE	White	Black	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Asian	Pacific Islander	Some other Race	Two or More Races	Hispanic/ Latino of any Race	Total
Homeowners									
0-30% MFI	25	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25
31-50% MFI	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15
51-80% MFI	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15
81-95% MFI	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
96% + MFI	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15
Total	70	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	70
Renters									
0-30% MFI	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
31-50% MFI	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
51-80% MFI	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
81-95% MFI	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
96% + MFI	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8

Of the households with a housing problem, 4.44 percent comprised households lacking complete plumbing/kitchen facilities, all of whom were homeowners. Table 92.14 provides details of households lacking complete plumbing/kitchen facilities by income and tenure.

TABLE 92.14
HOUSEHOLDS LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING/KITCHEN FACILITIES BY INCOME
BY TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS

INCOME RANGE	HOMEOWNERS	RENTERS	TOTAL
0-30% MFI	4	.	4
31-50% MFI	.	.	.
51-80% MFI	.	.	.
81-95% MFI	.	.	.
96% + MFI	.	.	.
Total	4	.	4

⁴¹² HUD classifies housing units with one or more of these conditions as a household with a housing problem: households that lack complete plumbing/kitchen facilities, have more than 1.01 persons per room, or have a cost burden with more than 30 percent of the household's income spent on housing.

⁴¹³ The HUD category Hispanic/Latino of any race tabulates people of this ethnicity separately. They are not included with the other race categories. All other racial categories are of non-Hispanic/Latino ethnicities.

Of the households with a housing problem, 8.89 percent of these households suffered from overcrowding – from 1.01 to 1.5 persons per room, of which 4.44 percent were homeowners and 4.44 percent renters. Table 92.15 provides details of overcrowded households by income and tenure.

TABLE 92.15
HOUSEHOLDS WITH OVERCROWDING BY INCOME BY TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS

INCOME RANGE	HOMEOWNERS	RENTERS	TOTAL
0-30% MFI	.	.	.
31-50% MFI	.	.	.
51-80% MFI	.	4	4
81-95% MFI	.	.	.
96% + MFI	4	.	4
Total	4	4	8

Of the households with a housing problem, 13.33 percent of these households suffered from severe overcrowding – more than 1.5 persons per room, of which 4.44 percent were homeowners and 8.89 percent renters. Table 92.16 provides details of households with severe overcrowding by income and tenure.

TABLE 92.16
HOUSEHOLDS WITH SEVERE OVERCROWDING BY INCOME BY TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS

INCOME RANGE	HOMEOWNERS	RENTERS	TOTAL
0-30% MFI	4	.	4
31-50% MFI	.	4	4
51-80% MFI	.	4	4
81-95% MFI	.	.	.
96% + MFI	.	.	.
Total	4	8	12

Of the households with a housing problem, 35.56 percent of these households incurred a cost burden, with 30 percent or more of their income spent on housing. Of these households 31.11 percent were homeowners and 4.44 percent renters. Table 92.17 provides details of households with a cost burden by income and tenure.

TABLE 92.17
HOUSEHOLDS WITH COST BURDEN BY INCOME BY TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS

INCOME RANGE	HOMEOWNERS	RENTERS	TOTAL
0-30% MFI	10	.	10
31-50% MFI	4	4	8
51-80% MFI	10	.	10
81-95% MFI	.	.	.
96% + MFI	4	.	4
Total	28	4	32

Of the households with a housing problem, 37.78 percent of these households incurred a severe cost burden with 50 percent or more of their income spent on housing, all of whom were homeowners. Table 92.18, on the following page, provides details of households with a severe cost burden by income and tenure.

TABLE 92.18
HOUSEHOLDS WITH SEVERE COST BURDEN BY INCOME BY TENURE
WHEELER COUNTY 2004 HUD SPECIAL TABULATIONS

INCOME RANGE	HOMEOWNERS	RENTERS	TOTAL
0-30% MFI	10	.	10
31-50% MFI	10	.	10
51-80% MFI	4	.	4
81-95% MFI	.	.	.
96% + MFI	10	.	10
Total	34	.	34

Housing Needs Forecast

In March of 2002, the Bureau of Business Research of the University of Nebraska at Lincoln (UNL) released a long-term population forecast for each county in the State. The UNL forecast has not been updated. The 2005 Housing Needs Forecast is based on a more recent population forecast prepared by Economy.com. As seen in Table 92.19, at right, the Economy.com forecast expects the population in Wheeler County to decrease by 1.02 percent per year, reaching 652 by the year 2030.

TABLE 92.19
POPULATION FORECAST UNL, ECONOMY.COM
WHEELER COUNTY 2000 THROUGH 2030

Year	UNL	Economy.com
2000	886	886
2005	824	804
2010	767	761
2015	725	721
2020	689	685
2025	.	664
2030	.	652

The household forecast indicates a total decrease of 32 homeowners in Wheeler County, from 244 in 2000 to 212 by 2030. Renters are anticipated to decrease from 108 in 2000 to 69 in 2030. Homeownership from the year 2000 to 2030 is expected to decrease by 3 households for homeowners having incomes from 31-50 percent of MFI, and to decrease by 9 households for those at 51-80 percent of MFI. Rental demand from the year 2000 to 2030 is expected to decrease by 5 households for renters having incomes from 31-50 percent of MFI, and to decrease by 13 households for those at 51-80 percent of MFI. Table 92.20 provides further details of the household forecast by tenure and income.

TABLE 92.20
HOUSEHOLD FORECAST BY TENURE AND INCOME
WHEELER COUNTY 2000 THROUGH 2030

Year	0-30% MFI	31-50% MFI	51-80% MFI	81-95% MFI	96% + MFI	Total
Homeowners						
2000	44	24	63	.	113	244
2005	41	23	59	.	106	228
2010	40	22	57	.	103	223
2015	39	22	56	.	100	217
2020	38	21	54	.	98	212
2025	38	21	54	.	97	211
2030	38	21	54	.	98	212
Renters						
2000	15	14	38	.	40	108
2005	13	12	34	.	36	95
2010	12	12	31	.	33	88
2015	11	11	29	.	31	82
2020	11	10	27	.	28	76
2025	10	9	26	.	27	72
2030	10	9	25	.	26	69

